### Mote Tropical Research Laboratory

David E. Vaughan, PhD.

Executive Director

Florida Keys



Summerland Key and Key West

### Tropical Research Lab (TRL) Summerland Key



### **Tropical Research Lab**

**<u>Coral Reef Monitoring and Assesment Program</u> - Erich Bartels, Cory Walter** 

Coral Reef Science and Visiting Researchers Support

Staghorn nursery project

Red Tide/HAB Monitoring in the Keys

- Marine Ecosystem Event Response and Assessment (MEERA)
- Coral Bleaching Early Warning Network (BleachWatch)

**Reef Restoration Program** – *David Vaughan, Ph.D., Director, C. Page staff Scientist* Developing the science and technologies for restoring reef ecosystems, including hard corals, soft corals, seagrass meadows, macroaglae, invertebrates, vertebrates and factors involved in the reef community.





#### <u> Other Coral Reef Programs –</u>





#### Education

Mote Marine Laboratory began to offer marine education programs in 1994. Today, Mote's Education Department continues to offer marine science field programs at TRL for a variety of ages and backgrounds.

Education Programs and Summer-camp Programs

Support of visiting student groups and educational programs

Advanced Courses in Marine Sciences: Coral Diseases, Sponges, etc.



5/29/2014

Why Do we work here? The Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary Home To The 3<sup>rd</sup> Largest Living Coral Reef System On The Planet



#### The Environment and The Economy are Directly Linked in the Florida Keys





Slide Thanks to Billy Causey



#### Why are our Coral Reefs so important ?

Coral Reefs support as much as 40% of all the marine life on the planet and it is estimated that as much as 50% of the marine life in the Florida Keys depend on Coral Reefs at some point in their life cycle or benefit from coral reef habitat.

#### Condition of our Coral Reefs:

Since the 1970's, it is estimated that we've lost as much as 80-90% of our indigenous coral coverage in the Florida Keys, including some species such as staghorn and Elkhorn have experienced a decline of more than 97%.

### Carysfort Reef Florida Keys 1980



### Carysfort Reef Florida Keys 2011





## Causation

What is causing coral populations and coverage to decline at such an alarming rate?- Human caused

>Climate Change/Global Warming

≻Ocean Acidification

Water Quality/Pollution/Disease Resulting from the Above Stressors

Loss of Keystone Reef Species : Diadema... AKA Long Spined Sea Urchins



What can be done to slow the decline of coral coverage and reef systems in the Florida Keys ?

 Reef Restoration Programs
Marine Protection Areas Updated
Water Quality Improvement Initiatives and Protections



### Was Staghorn coral cultured rapidly and planted successfully YES!



### **Coral Reef Nurseries**





>95% survival after 1 year

### **OLD CORALS – NEW TRICKS**

- Sexual Rep: success every 50-100 years
- GROWTH 2.6 mm year (1-2m/6,000yr)
- SURVIVAL recent loss 25% / 30 years
- FORCAST another 25% next 25 years





#### Objective: Maintain & Monitor Survival of Corals in Coral Gene Bank



#### **Outdoor Tanks and Raceways**



### Tagged and transplanted to field



### **Expanded Production**

- Major paradigm shift occurring at Mote-TRL
  Shift from large fragments to microfragments
- Significance of changes -Optimize growth and increase the rate of production
- -Allows coral to integrate with dead reef structure much faster upon outplant

### "Reskinning" bare reef structure

-Designed to carry out restoration of stony corals at a much larger scale









#### New Phase + Future Work





# Small Fragments Fuse back together to form new coral head





## With your Help

